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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/697,014	10/31/2003	Maria Ronay	YOR920030204US1 (20140-00	8234	
30678	7590 03/21/2006		EXAMINER ·		
CONNOLLY BOVE LODGE & HUTZ LLP SUITE 800 1990 M STREET NW			MORILLO, JANELL COMBS		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
WASHINGTO	ON, DC 20036-3425		1742		

DATE MAILED: 03/21/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

## Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.		Applicant(s)	
10/697,014		RONAY, MARIA	
Ex	aminer	Art Unit	
Jar	nelle Combs-Morillo	1742	

	Janelle Combs-Morillo	1742				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence add	ress			
THE REPLY FILED 27 February 2006 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE.						
<ol> <li>The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on this application, applicant must timely file one of the follow places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a No a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance time periods:</li> <li>The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date</li> <li>The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire and the statutory period for reply expires.</li> </ol>	ving replies: (1) an amendment, affitice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in the with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must of the final rejection.  dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth after than SIX MONTHS from the mailing.	fidavit, or other evider compliance with 37 Clust be filed within one in the final rejection, who date of the final rejection.	nce, which FR 41.31; or (3) of the following ichever is later. In on.			
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or ( TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 70	06.07(f).					
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	tension and the corresponding amount shortened statutory period for reply orig than three months after the mailing da	of the fee. The appropri inally set in the final Office	ate extension fee ce action; or (2) as			
<ol> <li>The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed AMENDMENTS</li> </ol>	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of th	ns of the date of e appeal. Since			
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, to	out prior to the date of filing a brief	will not be entered be	acausa			
<ul> <li>(a) They raise new issues that would require further core</li> <li>(b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below</li> <li>(c) They are not deemed to place the application in bet appeal; and/or</li> <li>(d) They present additional claims without canceling a content of the present additional claims.</li> </ul>	nsideration and/or search (see NO w); ter form for appeal by materially re	TE below); ducing or simplifying t				
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)). 4.  The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12	21 See attached Notice of Non Co	maliant Amandment (	DTOL 224)			
<ul> <li>5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):</li> <li>6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s).</li> </ul>	<u> </u>					
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) [ how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prov The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: 9,10,13-29 and 31-35. Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: 13-29.  AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE		II be entered and an e	xplanation of			
8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but	before or on the date of filing a No	ntice of Anneal will no	t he entered			
because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).						
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to or showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appear and was not earlier presented. So	al and/or appellant fail ee 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1	s to provide a ).			
<ol> <li>The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER</li> </ol>	of the status of the claims after er	ntry is below or attach	ed.			
<ol> <li>The request for reconsideration has been considered but see attached.</li> </ol>	does NOT place the application in	n condition for allowan	ce because:			
<ul><li>12. ☐ Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (</li><li>13. ☐ Other:</li></ul>	PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper N	o(s)				

Art Unit: 1742

Applicant's argument that the present invention is allowable over the prior art of record because "consisting essentially of" excludes Li has not been found persuasive. Applicant has not provided conclusive evidence that the addition of Li would substantially change the basic and novel properties of said alloy.

Applicant's argument that the present invention is allowable over the prior art of record because the prior art teaches against the formation of an oxide film has not been found persuasive. The prior art teaches there are advantages as well as disadvantages to forming an oxide film, however Tramposch still teaches that a Be-O film is beneficial to preventing the formation of sulfide films (column 1 lines 63-65). Kono also teaches that oxide films increase tarnish resistances as well (column 1 lines 45-46), even though an accidental scratch will expose the surface.

Concerning the instant oxide layer thickness of 1-10nm, as stated in the Final Rejection, though the prior art does not mention the thickness of said BeO film layer, the instant thickness is held to be within the scope of the term 'film', substantially as used by the prior art of record. The examiner further points out that the oxide protective 'film' taught by Kono is typically 2-5nm thick (column 2 lines 20-21). Though said film thickness is mentioned in connection with Al2O3, Kono teaches that oxides of Be are also effective to prevent tarnishings of silver alloys (column 1 lines 40-45).

Applicant's argument that the present invention is allowable over the prior art of record because the prior art does not specify the instant electronic structure configuration, has not been found persuasive. As stated in the Final Rejection, it is held to be within the scope of the prior art to have formed/used said Ag-Be contact alloy in a variety of electronic structure configurations because said prior art teaches said alloy is useful for electrical contacts, including being located in a recess or present in a BEOL structure.

When the Examiner has established a *prima facie* obviousness, the burden then shifts to the applicant to rebut. *In re Dillon*, 919 F.2d 688, 692, 16 USPQ2d 1897, 1901 (Fed. Cir. 1990) (en banc). Rebuttal may take the form of "a comparison of test data showing that the claimed compositions possess unexpectedly improved properties... that the prior art does not have, that the prior art is so deficient that there is no motivation to make what might otherwise appear to be obvious changes, or any other argument... that is pertinent." Id. at 692-93; USPQ2d 1901. As stated above, the prior art *does* teach motivation to include a Be-oxide layer (for instance, 2-5 mm thick) on said silver alloy. Applicant argues "this thickness is important in avoiding significant increase in the capacitance while achieving the desired benefits from the oxide layer", but has not directed the examiner to specific evidence of unexpected results with regard to the prior art of record.

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